

LANDMARK CASES AND LEGISLATION IN MINNESOTA

ACLU-MN PRIDE

Social and political change never happen overnight. For decades, we've challenged the status quo in Minnesota, and we'll keep working to ensure that all people in our state can live, love and care for each other.

The American Civil Liberties Union of Minnesota has been defending and advancing LGBTQ rights in our state for more than 65 years.

1970

Baker v. Nelson

ACLU-MN litigated the first case in the country to argue that two men, Jack Baker and Michael McConnell, should have the right to marry. This was the first marriage equality case in the United States.

1972

Baker v. Board of Law Examiners

ACLU-MN successfully represented Jack Baker after the Board of Law Examiners refused to allow him to take the bar exam due to his sexual orientation.

1975

Minnesota Human Rights Act

ACLU-MN announced support for a proposed state law that would protect against discrimination based on sexual orientation. This law was ultimately passed in 1993, almost 20 years later.

1978

Doe v. Alexander

ACLU-MN filed a lawsuit after the U.S. Army Reserves refused to admit a transgender woman for service. Though unsuccessful, it was one of the first lawsuits in the country to deal with transgender rights in the military.

1980

Gay Pride Committee v. City of Minneapolis

ACLU-MN successfully challenged the City of Minneapolis for refusing to grant the Gay Pride Committee a permit to hold a block party on Hennepin Avenue. This would later grow into the Pride Festival we celebrate each year.

1985

McClellan v. Humphrey

ACLU-MN filed a challenge to the state sodomy law. The case was dismissed after the U.S. Supreme Court ruled in Bowers v. Hardwick that there was no constitutional right to engage in "homosexual sodomy."

1985

Guardianship of Kowalski

ACLU-MN represented Sharon Kowalski after her father was granted full guardianship and the power to prevent her domestic partner from visiting her in the hospital. We fought for Sharon's right to choose her own visitors.

1998

Gay-Straight Alliance Student Clubs

ACLU-MN pressured the Orono School Board when it refused to grant official student group status to a high school Gay-Straight Alliance. The board adopted a new policy ensuring that all student groups are treated equally.

2001

Minnesota Sodomy Law Overturned

Minnesota District Judge Delila Pierce ruled in Doe v. Ventura, filed by the ACLU-MN, that laws prohibiting consensual anal and oral sex violated the Minnesota constitutional right to privacy.

2013

Marriage Equality

In 2012, ACLU-MN joined allies to defeat a proposed constitutional amendment denying same-sex couples the freedom to marry. A year later, Minnesota enacted a law making marriage equality a reality.

2016

OutFront v. Piper

Evan Thomas was denied coverage for transition-related surgery. The courts ruled that transgender people on Medical Assistance deserve access to medically necessary services related to gender transition.

2019

J.H. v. Anoka-Hennepin Schools

ACLU-MN and Gender Justice sue a school district for discriminating against a transgender teen boy, singling him out and preventing him from getting an equal and adequate education.

